Regimen Monograph

 Regimen Name
 Drug Regimen
 Cycle Frequency
 Premedication and Supportive Measures
 Dose Modifications
 Adverse

 Effects
 Interactions
 Drug Administration and Special Precautions
 Recommended Clinical Monitoring
 Administrative

 Information
 References
 Other Notes
 Disclaimer

A - Regimen Name

PEMB(MNT) Regimen

Pembrolizumab (Maintenance)

Disease Site Lung

Non-Small Cell

(Squamous)

Intent Palliative

Regimen Category

Evidence-Informed:

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under

Rationale and Use.

Rationale and Uses

For first-line treatment in patients with metastatic squamous NSCLC

Supplementary Public Funding

pembrolizumab

New Drug Funding Program (Pembrolizumab - In Combination with

Carboplatin and Paclitaxel for First-Line Metastatic Squamous Non-Small Cell

Lung Cancer (NSCLC)) (NDFP Website)

back to top

B - Drug Regimen

After 4 to 6 cycles of CRBPPACL+PEMB, CRBPGEMC+PEMB, or CISPGEMC+PEMB - As maintenance treatment:

pembrolizumab¹ 2 mg /kg IV (max 200mg) Day 1, Q21 days

OR

pembrolizumab¹ 4 mg /kg IV (max 400mg) Day 1, Q42 days

back to top

C - Cycle Frequency

2 mg/kg dosing: REPEAT EVERY 21 DAYS

4 mg /kg dosing: REPEAT EVERY 42 DAYS

Until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity up to a maximum of 2 years (35 doses given q3 weeks or 18 doses given q6 weeks, including PEMB doses given with CISPGEMC, CRBPGEMC or CRBPPACL), whichever occurs first.

Refer to NDFP form for details on pembrolizumab retreatment.

back to top

D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: Minimal

Other Supportive Care:

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Recommendations.

Avoid the use of corticosteroids or immunosuppressants before starting treatment.

¹Dosing based on NDFP funding criteria

Premedication (prophylaxis for infusion reactions):

- Routine pre-medication is not recommended.
- May consider antipyretic and H1-receptor antagonist in patients who experienced a grade 1-2 infusion reaction.

back to top

E - Dose Modifications

Doses should be modified according to the protocol by which the patient is being treated.

Dosage with toxicity

Healthcare professionals should also consult the most recent pembrolizumab product monograph for additional information.

There are no dose reductions for pembrolizumab. Doses are either delayed or discontinued with toxicity.

Summary of Principles of Management or immune-related adverse effects (iRAEs)

- Immune-related adverse effects (irAEs) are different in their presentation, onset and duration compared to conventional chemotherapy. Patient and provider education is essential.
- Initial irAE presentation can occur months after completion of treatment and affect multiple organs.
- Dose escalation or reduction is not recommended.
- If no other cause can be identified (such as infection), any new symptom should be considered immune-related and prompt treatment initiated.
- Organ-specific system-based toxicity management is recommended.

Refer to CCO's <u>Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Toxicity Management Guideline</u> for detailed descriptions of Immune-related toxicities and their management.

Management of Infusion-related Reactions:

Also refer to the CCO guideline for detailed description of <u>Management of Cancer Medication-Related Infusion Reactions</u>.

Any use of the information is subject, at all times, to CCO's Terms and Conditions.

Grade	Management	Re-challenge
1 or 2	 Stop or slow the infusion. Manage the symptoms. 	Consider re-challenge with close monitoring and pre-medications (antipyretic and H1-receptor antagonist).
	Restart:	
	No specific recommendations can be made at this time.	
3 or 4	Stop the infusion.Aggressively manage symptoms.	Discontinue permanently (do not re- challenge).

Hepatic Impairment

Refer to CCO's <u>Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Toxicity Management Guideline</u> for detailed descriptions for immune-related hepatitis management.

Impairment	Pembrolizumab Dose
Mild (bilirubin 1 - 1.5 x ULN or AST > ULN)	No dose adjustment necessary
Moderate (bilirubin >1.5 - 3 x ULN and any AST) to severe (bilirubin > 3 x ULN and any AST)	Caution; no data

Renal Impairment

Refer to CCO's <u>Immune Checkpoint Inhibitor Toxicity Management Guideline</u> for detailed descriptions for immune-related nephritis management.

CrCl (mL/min)	Pembrolizumab Dose
≥ 60	No dose adjustment necessary
30 to 59	No dose adjustment necessary
< 30	Caution; no data

Dosage in the Elderly

No dosage adjustment is required. No differences in safety or efficacy were reported between patients aged 65 and older and younger patients.

back to top

F - Adverse Effects

Refer to pembrolizumab drug monograph(s) for additional details of adverse effects.

Common (25- 49%)	Less common (10-24%)	Uncommon (< 10%), but may be severe or life-threatening
• Fatigue	 Diarrhea (may be severe) Rash / pruritus Nausea / vomiting Musculoskeletal pain 	 Myocarditis Colitis Anemia Hemolytic anemia Myelosuppression ± infection, bleeding Hepatitis Pancreatitis Sclerosing cholangitis Infusion-related reaction Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis Sarcoidosis Graft loss - solid organ transplant recipients Hyper / hypothyroidism Hyperglycemia Hypopituitarism / hypophysitis Adrenal insufficiency Encephalitis Guillain-Barre syndrome Myositis, myasthenia Eye disorders Nephritis / nephrotoxicity Pneumonitis Vasculitis Vogt-Koyanagi-Harada syndrome Stevens-Johnson syndrome Toxic epidermal necrolysis

back to top

G - Interactions

Refer to pembrolizumab drug monograph(s) for additional details.

- Pembrolizumab is not expected to have pharmacokinetic drug-drug interactions as it is not metabolized by drug metabolizing enzymes.
- Use of systemic corticosteroids or immunosuppressants should be avoided prior to starting
 pembrolizumab because of potential interference with efficacy. They can be used to treat
 immune-mediated reactions after starting the drug. Corticosteroids may be used as
 premedication (e.g. antiemetic) when given with chemotherapy.

back to top

H - Drug Administration and Special Precautions

Refer to pembrolizumab drug monograph(s) for additional details.

Administration

- Dilute in 0.9% sodium chloride or D5W to final concentration of 1 to 10 mg/mL; mix by gentle inversion.
- Administer over 30 minutes using sterile, non-pyrogenic, low protein-binding 0.2 to 5 micron in-line or add-on filter.
- Do not co-administer other drugs through the same infusion line.
- If a planned dose is missed, administer as soon as possible. Adjust the schedule to maintain the prescribed dosing interval.
- Vials should be stored under refrigeration (2 to 8°C). Do not freeze.

Also refer to the CCO guideline for detailed description of <u>Management of Cancer Medication-Related Infusion Reactions</u>.

Contraindications

Patients who have a hypersensitivity to this drug or any of its components.

Warnings/Precautions

- Patients with active infection, autoimmune disease, conditions that require systemic immunosuppressive therapy (i.e. transplant patients) and a history of pneumonitis, severe immune-mediated adverse reactions with ipilimumab or severe hypersensitivity to other monoclonal antibodies, etc. were excluded from clinical studies.
- Pembrolizumab may cause serious immune-mediated reactions affecting multiple organ systems, including GI, hepatic, renal, respiratory, endocrine and others. Use with caution and monitor closely in patients with pre-existing conditions such as colitis, hepatic impairment, respiratory or endocrine disorders, such as hypo or hyperthyroidism or diabetes mellitus.
- Patients with ECOG performance status ≥ 2 were excluded from clinical trials.
- Use of a PD-1 or PD-L1 blocking antibody with a thalidomide analogue plus dexamethasone is not recommended outside of controlled clinical trials, due to increased mortality reported.

Pregnancy/Lactation

- Pembrolizumab is not recommended for use in pregnancy. Adequate contraception should be used by both sexes during treatment, and for at least 4 months after the last dose.
- Breastfeeding is not recommended during treatment, and for at least 4 months after the last dose.
- Fertility effects: Unknown

back to top

I - Recommended Clinical Monitoring

Treating physicians may decide to monitor more or less frequently for individual patients but should always consider recommendations from the product monograph.

Recommended Clinical Monitoring

- Liver function tests; Baseline, before each dose and as clinically indicated; frequent with severe toxicity
- Renal function tests; Baseline, before each dose and as clinically indicated; frequent with severe toxicity

- Thyroid function tests; Baseline, before each dose and as clinically indicated
- Electrolytes; Baseline, before each dose and as clinically indicated
- Blood glucose; Baseline, before each dose and as clinically indicated
- · CBC; Baseline and as clinically indicated
- Clinical toxicity assessment for infusion-related and immune-mediated reactions, fatigue, ocular, endocrine, skin, GI, neurologic, musculoskeletal, cardiac and respiratory effects; At each visit
- Grade toxicity using the current <u>NCI-CTCAE</u> (Common Terminology Criteria for <u>Adverse Events</u>) <u>version</u>

back to top

J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit 0.75 hour

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) 19.75 minutes

Nursing Workload (average time per visit) 40.75 minutes

back to top

K - References

Paz-Atres L, Luft A, Vicente D, et al. Pembrolizumab plus chemotherapy for squamous non-small-cell lung cancer. N Engl J Med. 2018;379(21):2040-51.

Pembrolizumab drug monograph, Ontario Health (Cancer Care Ontario).

January 2023 Updated adverse effects, and drug administration and special precautions sections

back to top

M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

A Regimen Abstract is an abbreviated version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). It is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. It is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice, and all uses of the Regimen Abstract are subject to clinical judgment. Such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability, and Cancer Care Ontario disclaims all liability for the use of this information, and for any claims, actions, demands or suits that arise from such use.

Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

The information set out in the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information (for health professionals) contained in the Drug Formulary (the "Formulary") is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. The information is not intended to cover all possible uses, directions, precautions, drug interactions or adverse effects of a particular drug, nor should it be construed to indicate that use of a particular drug is safe, appropriate or effective for a given condition. The information in the Formulary is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice and should not be relied upon in any such regard. All uses of the Formulary are subject to clinical judgment and actual prescribing patterns may not follow the information provided in the Formulary.

The format and content of the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information contained in the Formulary will change as they are reviewed and revised on a periodic basis. The date of last revision will be visible on each page of the monograph and regimen. Since standards of usage are constantly evolving, it is advised that the Formulary not be used as the sole source of information. It is strongly recommended that original references or product monograph be consulted prior to using a chemotherapy regimen for the first time.

Some Formulary documents, such as the medication information sheets, regimen information sheets and symptom management information (for patients), are intended for patients. Patients should always consult with their healthcare provider if they have questions regarding any information set out in the Formulary documents.

While care has been taken in the preparation of the information contained in the Formulary, such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability.

CCO and the Formulary's content providers shall have no liability, whether direct, indirect, consequential, contingent, special, or incidental, related to or arising from the information in the Formulary or its use thereof, whether based on breach of contract or tort (including negligence), and even if advised of the possibility thereof. Anyone using the information in the Formulary does so at his or her own risk, and by using such information, agrees to indemnify CCO and its content providers from any and all liability, loss, damages, costs and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) arising from such person's use of the information in the Formulary.

back to top