Regimen Monograph

 Regimen Name
 Drug Regimen
 Cycle Frequency
 Premedication and Supportive Measures
 Administrative Information
 References
 Other Notes
 Disclaimer

A - Regimen Name

FCM+OBIN Regimen

Fludarabine-Cyclophosphamide-mitoXANTRONE-oBINutuzumab

- **Disease Site** Hematologic - Lymphoma - Non-Hodgkin's Low Grade Palliative Intent Regimen Evidence-informed : Category Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, guality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under Rationale and Use. This **Regimen Abstract** is an **abbreviated** version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed. Rationale and For the treatment of patients with follicular lymphoma[†] whose disease is Uses refractory* to a rituximab-containing regimen and has a good performance status [†] indolent lymphoma histologies other than follicular lymphoma (excluding CLL and mantle cell lymphoma) may be eligible for obinutuzumab
 - funding (refer to <u>NDFP form</u>) * no response to OR progression during or within 6 months after rituximab or a

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rituximab-containing regimen

Supplementary
Public FundingoBINutuzumab
New Drug Funding Program (Obinutuzumab - In Combination with
Chemotherapy for Refractory Follicular Lymphoma)

back to top

| B - Drug Regimen | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|------------|----|------------------|--|--|--|
| FCM+OBIN (induction) | | | | | | |
| Cycle 1: | | | | | | |
| <u>oBINutuzumab</u> | 1000 mg | IV | Days 1, 8 and 15 | | | |
| mitoXANTRONE | 6 mg /m² | IV | Day 1 | | | |
| <u>fludarabine</u> | 25 mg /m² | IV | Days 1 to 3 | | | |
| <u>cyclophosphamide</u> | 250 mg /m² | IV | Days 1 to 3 | | | |
| Cycles 2 to 6: | | | | | | |
| <u>oBINutuzumab</u> | 1000 mg | IV | Day 1 | | | |
| mitoXANTRONE | 6 mg /m² | IV | Day 1 | | | |
| <u>fludarabine</u> | 25 mg /m² | IV | Days 1 to 3 | | | |
| <u>cyclophosphamide</u> | 250 mg /m² | IV | Days 1 to 3 | | | |

For obinutuzumab maintenance use, report as regimen OBIN(MNT) after FCM+OBIN induction.

C - Cycle Frequency

Induction: REPEAT EVERY 28 DAYS for up to 6 cycles unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity (see <u>NDFP form</u>)

For patients who responded to induction therapy, refer to maintenance obinutuzumab regimen - OBIN(MNT).

back to top

D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

| Antiemetic Regimen: | Moderate | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | Minimal (Days 8 and 15 of Cycle 1) | |

Other Supportive Care:

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Recommendations.

Obinutuzumab:

Hepatitis B screening should be performed prior to treatment for all patients.

Patients at risk for tumour lysis syndrome should receive adequate hydration and uricostatics or alternative starting 12 to 24 hours prior to infusion.

Consider withholding antihypertensives (if applicable) 12 hours prior to infusion, during infusion and for the first hour after drug administration, and withholding concomitant medications that increase bleeding risk, especially in the first cycle.

Patients with neutropenia should receive antimicrobial prophylaxis; consider use of G-CSF, antiviral and antifungal prophylaxis.

Premedication recommendations:

| Treatment cycle, day | Patients | Premedication |
|----------------------|----------|--|
| Cycle 1, Day 1 | All | IV corticosteroid* ^{/^} completed at least 1 hr prior to infusion & PO analgesic/antipyretic** & antihistamine*** at least 30 min prior to infusion |

FCM+OBIN

| Subsequent infusions | Patients with no prior IR during previous infusion | PO analgesic/antipyretic** at least 30 min prior to infusion |
|--|---|---|
| | Patients with grade 1 or 2 IR with previous infusion | PO analgesic/antipyretic** & antihistamine*** at least 30 min prior to infusion |
| Patients with grade 3 IR with previous infusion OR | | IV corticosteroid ^{*/^} completed at least 1 hr prior to infusion & |
| | patients with lymphocyte counts > 25 x 10 ⁹ /L prior to next treatment | PO analgesic/antipyretic** & antihistamine*** at least 30 min prior to infusion |

*e.g. 100 mg prednisone or 20 mg dexamethasone. Hydrocortisone should not be used as it has not been effective in reducing IR rates.

^ If a corticosteroid-containing chemotherapy regimen is given on the same day as obinutuzumab, the corticosteroid can be given as PO if given at least 1 hour prior to obinutuzumab, in which case additional IV corticosteroid as premedication is not required.

**e.g. 1000 mg acetaminophen

***e.g. 50 mg diphenhydramine

back to top

J - Administrative Information

| Approximate Patient Visit | 4.5 hours |
|--|----------------|
| Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) | 36.426 minutes |
| Nursing Workload (average time per visit) | 60.000 minutes |

back to top

K - References

Cheson BD, Chua N, Mayer J, et al. Overall survival benefit in patients with rituximab-refractory indolent non-Hodgkin lymphoma who received obinutuzumab plus bendamustine induction and obinutuzumab maintenance in the GADOLIN study. J Clin Oncol. 2018 Aug 1;36(22):2259-66.

Forstpointner R, Dreyling M, Repp R, et al; German Low-Grade Lymphoma Study Group. The addition of rituximab to a combination of fludarabine, cyclophosphamide, mitoxantrone (FCM) significantly increases the response rate and prolongs survival as compared with FCM alone in patients with relapsed and refractory follicular and mantle cell lymphomas: results of a prospective randomized study of the German Low-Grade Lymphoma Study Group. Blood. 2004 Nov 15;104(10):3064-71.

Hendry L, Bowen A, Matutes E, et al. Fludarabine, cyclophosphamide and mitoxantrone in relapsed or refractory chronic lymphocytic leukemia and low grade non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Leuk Lymphoma. 2004 May;45(5):945-50.

Cheson BD, Trneny M, Bouabdallah K, et al. Obinutuzumab plus bendamustine followed by obinutuzumab maintenance prolongs overall survival compared with bendamustine alone in patients with rituximab-refractory indolent non-hodgkin lymphoma: updated results of the GADOLIN study. Blood 2016;128:615 (published online Dec 1, 2016; update results - abstract only).

Radford J, Davies A, Cartron G, et al. Obinutuzumab (GA101) plus CHOP or FC in relapsed/refractory follicular lymphoma: results of the GAUDI study (BO21000). Blood. 2013 Aug 15;122(7):1137-43.

Santini G, Nati S, Spriano M, Gallamini A, Pierluigi D, Congiu AM, Truini M, Rubagotti A, Chisesi T, Vimercati R, Rossi E, Sertoli MR, Mattei D, Marino G, Gobbi M. Fludarabine in combination with cyclophosphamide or with cyclophosphamide plus mitoxantrone for relapsed or refractory low-grade non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Haematologica. 2001 Mar;86(3):282-6.

June 2021 removed fludarabine NDFP funding info

back to top

M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

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Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

The information set out in the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information (for health professionals) contained in the Drug Formulary (the "Formulary") is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. The information is not intended to cover all possible uses, directions, precautions, drug interactions or adverse effects of a particular drug, nor should it be construed to indicate that use of a particular drug is safe, appropriate or effective for a given condition. The information in the Formulary is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice and should not be relied upon in any such regard. All uses of the Formulary are subject to clinical judgment and actual prescribing patterns may not follow the information provided in the Formulary.

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Some Formulary documents, such as the medication information sheets, regimen information sheets and symptom management information (for patients), are intended for patients. Patients should always consult with their healthcare provider if they have questions regarding any information set out in the Formulary documents.

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back to top