Regimen Monograph

Regimen Name | Drug Regimen | Cycle Frequency | Premedication and Supportive Measures | Administrative Information |
References | Other Notes | Disclaimer

A - Regimen Name

CYBORD+DARA(SC) Regimen

Cyclophosphamide-Bortezomib-Dexamethasone-Daratumumab (subcut)

Disease Site Hematologic

Multiple Myeloma

Intent Palliative

Regimen Category

Evidence-informed:

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under Rationale and Use.

This **Regimen Abstract** is an **abbreviated** version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Rationale and Uses

For treatment of newly diagnosed multiple myeloma, in patients who are not suitable for autologous stem cell transplant and have good performance status

Supplementary cyc
Public Funding OD

cyclophosphamide

iding ODB - General Benefit (cyclophosphamide - oral tablets) (ODB Formulary)

bortezomib

New Drug Funding Program (Bortezomib - Previously Untreated - Multiple Myeloma) (NDFP Website)

dexamethasone

ODB - General Benefit (dexamethasone) (ODB Formulary)

daratumumab (subcut)

New Drug Funding Program (Daratumumab in Combination with a Bortezomib-Based Regimen for Newly Diagnosed Transplant Ineligible Multiple Myeloma) (NDFP Website)

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B - Drug Regimen

Note: Different daratumumab products are NOT INTERCHANGEABLE

Cycles 1 and 2:

daratumumab (subcut)	1800 mg	Subcut	Days 1, 8, 15, 22
cyclophosphamide [†]	300 mg /m²	PO	Days 1, 8, 15, 22
bortezomib [†]	1.3 to 1.5 mg /m ²	IV / Subcut	Days 1, 8, 15, 22
dexamethasone^	40 mg	РО	Days 1, 8, 15, 22

Cycles 3 to 6:

daratumumab (subcut)	1800 mg	Subcut	Days 1 and 15
cyclophosphamide [†]	300 mg /m²	PO	Days 1, 8, 15, 22
bortezomib [†]	1.3 to 1.5 mg /m ²	IV / Subcut	Days 1, 8, 15, 22
dexamethasone^	40 mg	PO	Days 1, 8, 15, 22

Cycle 7 and onwards:

	<u>daratumumab (subc</u>	<u>ut)</u> 1800 mg	Subcu	t Day 1
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cyclophosphamide [†]	300 mg /m²	PO	Days 1, 8, 15, 22
<u>bortezomib</u> [†]	1.3 to 1.5 mg /m ²	IV / Subcut	Days 1, 8, 15, 22
dexamethasone^	40 mg	PO	Days 1, 8, 15, 22

[†] Missed doses should not be made up. For bortezomib, a minimum of 72 hours is required between doses

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C - Cycle Frequency

REPEAT EVERY 28 DAYS

For up to 8-9 cycles, unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

After CYBORD is completed, refer to DARA(MNT-SC). (Daratumumab monotherapy REPEAT EVERY 28 DAYS until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.)

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D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: Low

Consider prophylaxis daily for cyclophosphamide PO

Other Supportive Care:

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Recommendations.

Supportive care:

- HBV screening should be performed in all patients prior to starting daratumumab.
- Consider antiviral prophylaxis for herpes zoster reactivation.
- Daratumumab can interfere with cross-matching for blood transfusions; type and screen and RBC genotyping tests should be done before starting this drug.
- Patients at risk of tumour lysis syndrome should have appropriate prophylaxis and be monitored closely.

[^] The dexamethasone dose should be reduced in elderly patients.

- · Oral hydration is encouraged to prevent dose-related hemorrhagic cystitis.
- Prophylaxis with a proton pump inhibitor and an antibiotic (e.g. quinolone) were also used in some clinical trials.
- Use of anti-fungal mouthwash was recommended in some clinical trials.

Daratumumab (subcut) Pre-medications (prophylaxis for administration-related reactions (ARRs)):

To be given at least 1 hour prior to each dose:

- Dexamethasone 20 mg IV/PO †
- Oral Antipyretic (e.g., acetaminophen 650-1000 mg)
- H1-receptor antagonist IV/PO (e.g., diphenhydramine 25-50 mg or equivalent)
- Montelukast 10 mg PO[‡]

†Dexamethasone on the day of injection may be given as part of pre-/post-medications for daratumumab; 20 mg IV/PO on the day of daratumumab injection and 20 mg PO on the day after injection. For patients receiving reduced dose dexamethasone 20 mg weekly, the entire 20 mg dose has been given prior to the daratumumab injection in some clinical trials.

[‡]Montelukast 10 mg was optional on Cycle 1 Day 1 during clinical trials of daratumumab (subcut). The addition of montelukast given prior to the first daratumumab IV infusion numerically reduced the incidence of respiratory infusion reactions in the study by Nooka et al.

Post-Injection Medications for Daratumumab (subcut) (prevention of delayed ARRs):

- Dexamethasone 20 mg PO for 1 day post-injection^{¶,§}
- Consider bronchodilators (e.g., short and long acting) and inhaled corticosteroids if chronic obstructive pulmonary disorder || #

Dexamethasone on the day of injection may be given as part of pre-/post-medications for daratumumab; 20 mg IV/PO on the day of daratumumab injection and 20 mg PO on the day after injection. For patients receiving reduced dose dexamethasone 20 mg weekly, the entire 20 mg dose has been given prior to the daratumumab injection in some clinical trials.

§May be discontinued after the 3rd injection if no major systemic ARRs occurred (excluding regimen-specific corticosteroids).

Consider adding an H1-receptor antagonist if the patient is at higher risk of respiratory complications.

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May be discontinued after the 4th injection if no major ARRs occurred.

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J - Administrative Information

Cyclophosphamide and Dexamethasone: Outpatient prescription for home administration

Approximate Patient Visit 1.5 hours

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) 18.388 minutes
Nursing Workload (average time per visit) 41.531 minutes

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K - References

Bortezomib, cyclophosphamide and daratumumab (subcut) drug monographs. Ontario Health (Cancer Care Ontario).

pCODR Expert review committee final recommendation: Daratumumab for the treatment of patients with newly diagnosed multiple myeloma. Aug 29, 2019.

Mateos MV, Nahi H, Legiec W, et al. Subcutaneous versus intravenous daratumumab in patients with relapsed or refractory multiple myeloma (COLUMBA): a multicentre, open-label, non-inferiority, randomised, phase 3 trial. Lancet Haematol. 2020 May;7(5):e370-e380.

Nooka AK, Gleason C, Sargeant MO, et al. Managing Infusion Reactions to New Monoclonal Antibodies in Multiple Myeloma: Daratumumab and Elotuzumab. J Oncol Pract. 2018 Jul;14(7):414-22.

Reeder CB, Reece DE, Kukreti V, et al. Cyclophosphamide, bortezomib and dexamethasone induction for newly diagnosed multiple myeloma: high response rates in a phase II clinical trial. Leukemia 2009; 23: 1337–41.

Yimer H, Melear J, Edward Faber E, et al. Lyra: a phase 2 study of daratumumab plus cyclophosphamide, bortezomib, and dexamethasone (Cybord) in newly diagnosed and relapsed patients (Pts) with multiple myeloma. Blood 2018;132 (Supplement 1):152.

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M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

A Regimen Abstract is an abbreviated version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). It is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. It is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice, and all uses of the Regimen Abstract are subject to clinical judgment. Such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability, and Cancer Care Ontario disclaims all liability for the use of this information, and for any claims, actions, demands or suits that arise from such use.

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Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

The information set out in the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information (for health professionals) contained in the Drug Formulary (the "Formulary") is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. The information is not intended to cover all possible uses, directions, precautions, drug interactions or adverse effects of a particular drug, nor should it be construed to indicate that use of a particular drug is safe, appropriate or effective for a given condition. The information in the Formulary is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice and should not be relied upon in any such regard. All uses of the Formulary are subject to clinical judgment and actual prescribing patterns may not follow the information provided in the Formulary.

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