Regimen Monograph

 Regimen Name
 Drug Regimen
 Cycle Frequency
 Premedication and Supportive Measures
 Dose Modifications
 Adverse

 Effects
 Drug Administration and Special Precautions
 Recommended Clinical Monitoring
 Administrative Information

 References
 Other Notes
 Disclaimer

A - Regimen Name

CRBPIRIN Regimen

CARBOplatin - Irinotecan

Disease Site Breast

Central Nervous System

Gastrointestinal Colorectal Esophagus

Gastric / Stomach

Hepatobiliary / Liver / Bile Duct

Pancreas Genitourinary

Bladder / Urothelial

Prostate
Gynecologic
Cervix
Endometrial
Ovary

Head and Neck

Lung

Small Cell

Intent Adjuvant

Curative Palliative

Regimen Category

Evidence-informed:

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not

approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under Rationale and Use.

This **Regimen Abstract** is an **abbreviated** version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Rationale and Uses

• For treatment of lung and extrapulmonary small cell cancers if etoposide is unavailable due to a supply disruption.

B - Drug Regimen			
CARBOplatin	AUC 5	IV	Day 1
<u>irinotecan</u>	50-65 mg /m²	IV	Days 1 and 8
Alternative Schedule 1:			
CARBOplatin	AUC 5	IV	Day 1
irinotecan	50-60 mg /m ²	IV	Days 1, 8, and 15
Alternative Schedule 2:			
<u>CARBOplatin</u>	AUC 5	IV	Day 1
<u>irinotecan</u>	150 mg /m²	IV	Day 1
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C - Cycle Frequency

Standard Schedule: REPEAT EVERY 21 DAYS

Alternative Schedule 1: REPEAT EVERY 28 DAYS

Alternative Schedule 2: REPEAT EVERY 21 DAYS

Extensive Stage: For a usual total of 4-6 cycles unless disease progression or unacceptable

toxicity occurs

Limited stage: For a usual total of 3 cycles after completion of concurrent chemoradiation therapy

with CRBPETOP(RT)

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D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: Moderate + NK1 antagonist (Carboplatin AUC ≥ 5) (D1)

Moderate (D8)

Other Supportive Care:

Alternative schedules may have different emetic risk. Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Recommendations.

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J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit 2-4 hours

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) 17.69 minutes

Nursing Workload (average time per visit) 41.667 minutes

K - References

Chen G, Huynh M, Fehrenbacher L, et al. Phase II trial of irinotecan and carboplatin for extensive or relapsed small-cell lung cancer. J Clin Oncol. 2009;27:1401-1404.

Hanna N, Bunn PA Jr, Langer C, et al. Randomized phase III trial comparing irinotecan/cisplatin with etoposide/cisplatin in patients with previously untreated extensive-stage disease small-cell lung cancer. J Clin Oncol. 2006 May 1;24(13):2038-43.

Kubota K, Hida T, Ishikura S, et al. Etoposide and cisplatin versus irinotecan and cisplatin in patients with limited-stage small-cell lung cancer treated with etoposide and cisplatin plus concurrent accelerated hyperfractionated thoracic radiotherapy (JCOG0202): a randomised phase 3 study. Lancet Oncol. 2014;15:106-13.

Lara PN Jr, Natale R, Crowley J, et al. Phase III trial of irinotecan/cisplatin compared with etoposide/cisplatin in extensive-stage small-cell lung cancer: clinical and pharmacogenomic results from SWOG S0124. J Clin Oncol 2009;27(15):2530-5.

Noda K, Nishiwaki Y, Kawahara M, et al. Irinotecan plus cisplatin compared with etoposide plus cisplatin for extensive small-cell lung cancer. N Engl J Med 2002;346(2):85-91.

Saito H, Takada Y, Ichinose Y, et al. Phase II study of etoposide and cisplatin with concurrent twice-daily thoracic radiotherapy followed by irinotecan and cisplatin in patients with limited-disease small-cell lung cancer: west Japan thoracic oncology group 9902. J Clin Oncol.2006;24:5247-5252.

Schmittel A, Fischer von Weikersthal L, Sebastian M, et al. A randomized phase II trial of irinotecan plus carboplatin versus etoposide plus carboplatin treatment in patients with extended disease small-cell lung cancer. Annal Oncol. 2006;17:663-667.

Zatloukal P, Cardenal F, Szczesna A, et al. A multicenter international randomized phase III study comparing cisplatin in combination with irinotecan or etoposide in previously untreated small-cell lung cancer patients with extensive disease. Ann Oncol. 2010 Sep;21(9):1810-6.

PEBC Advice Documents or Guidelines

- Initial Management of Small Cell Lung Cancer (Limited and Extensive Stage) and the Role of Thoracic Radiotherapy and First-Line Chemotherapy
- Systemic Therapy for Small-Cell Lung Cancer: ASCO-OH(CCO) Guideline

December 2023 Added PEBC guideline link

M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

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Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

The information set out in the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information (for health professionals) contained in the Drug Formulary (the "Formulary") is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. The information is not intended to cover all possible uses, directions, precautions, drug interactions or adverse effects of a particular drug, nor should it be construed to indicate that use of a particular drug is safe, appropriate or effective for a given condition. The information in the Formulary is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice and should not be relied upon in any such regard. All uses of the Formulary are subject to clinical judgment and actual prescribing patterns may not follow the information provided in the Formulary.

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