Regimen Monograph

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A - Regimen Name

CRBPGEMC+PEMB Regimen

CARBOplatin-Gemcitabine-Pembrolizumab

Disease Site Gastrointestinal

Hepatobiliary / Liver / Bile Duct

Intent Palliative

Regimen Category

Evidence-informed:

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under Rationale and Use.

This **Regimen Abstract** is an **abbreviated** version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Rationale and Uses

First-line treatment of patients with locally advanced unresectable or metastatic biliary tract cancer (for patients who are unable to receive cisplatin)

Refer to NDFP form for funding details.

Supplementary <u>pembrolizumab</u>

Public Funding New Drug Funding Program (Pembrolizumab - Locally Advanced

Unresectable or Metastatic Biliary Tract Cancer) (NDFP Website)

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B - Drug Regimen

pembrolizumab 1,2	2 mg /kg	IV (max 200 mg)	Day 1
gemcitabine	1000 mg /m²	IV	Days 1 and 8
CARBOplatin	AUC 5	IV	Day 1

¹ Give pembrolizumab prior to chemotherapy when both are given on the same day.

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C - Cycle Frequency

REPEAT EVERY 21 DAYS

For up to 8 cycles, followed by maintenance GEMC+PEMB(MNT)[^] or PEMB(MNT)[^], unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity occurs

^Pembrolizumab may be continued as single agent (PEMB(MNT)) for up to a total of 2 years, if chemotherapy is discontinued after at least 1 cycle due to intolerance.

Refer to NDFP form for funding criteria for retreatment.

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D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: Moderate + NK1 antagonist (Carboplatin AUC ≥ 5) (Day 1)

Low (Day 8)

• Also refer to <u>CCO Antiemetic Recommendations</u>.

² Dosing based on NDFP funding criteria. Refer to NDFP form for alternative pembrolizumab dosing schedule (4 mg/kg IV q6 weeks).

Screen for hepatitis B virus in all cancer patients starting systemic treatment. Refer to the <u>hepatitis B virus screening and management guideline</u>.

Pembrolizumab Premedication (prophylaxis for infusion reactions):

- Routine pre-medication is not recommended.
- May consider antipyretic and H1-receptor antagonist in patients who experienced a grade 1-2 infusion reaction.

Other Supportive Care:

 Avoid the use of corticosteroids or immunosuppressants before starting pembrolizumab treatment.

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J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit Day 1: 2.75 hours; Day 8: 45 minutes

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) 33.34 minutes

Nursing Workload (average time per visit) 45.41667 minutes

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K - References

CADTH reimbursement recommendation: pembrolizumab (biliary tract carcinoma). Canadian Journal of Health Technologies 2024;4(7).

CADTH reimbursement review: pembrolizumab (biliary tract carcinoma). Canadian Agency for Drugs and Technologies in Health. December 15, 2023.

Carboplatin drug monograph, Ontario Health (Cancer Care Ontario).

Gemcitabine drug monograph, Ontario Health (Cancer Care Ontario).

Julka PK, Puri T, Rath GK, et al. A phase II study of gemcitabine and carboplatin combination chemotherapy in gallbladder carcinoma. Hepatobiliary Pancreat Dis Int 2006;5(1):110-4.

Kelley RK, Ueno M, Yoo C, et al. Pembrolizumab in combination with gemcitabine and cisplatin

compared with gemcitabine and cisplatin alone for patients with advanced biliary tract cancer (KEYNOTE-966): a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 3 trial. Lancet. 2023 Jun 3;401(10391):1853-65.

Pembrolizumab drug monograph, Ontario Health (Cancer Care Ontario).

Valle J, Wason H, Palmer DH, et al. Cisplatin plus gemcitabine versus gemcitabine for biliary tract cancer. N Engl J Med 2010; 362(14):1273-81.

Williams KJ, Picus J, Trinkhaus, et al. Gemcitabine with carboplatin for advanced biliary tract cancers: a phase II single institution study. HPB (Oxford) 2010;12(6):418-26.

December 2024 Added NDFP form; updated Rationale/Uses, Drug Regimen and Cycle Frequency sections

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L - Other Notes

Calvert Formula

DOSE (mg) = target AUC X (GFR + 25)

- AUC = product of serum concentration (mg/mL) and time (min)
- GFR (glomerular filtration rate) expressed as measured Creatinine Clearance or estimated from Serum Creatinine (by Cockcroft and Gault method or Jelliffe method)

(Calvert AH, Newell DR, Gumbrell LA, et al, Carboplatin dosage: Prospective evaluation of a simple formula based on renal function. J Clin Oncol, 1989; 7: 1748-1756)

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M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

A Regimen Abstract is an abbreviated version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). It is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. It is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice, and all uses of the Regimen Abstract are subject to clinical judgment. Such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability, and Cancer Care Ontario disclaims all liability for the use of this information, and for any claims, actions, demands or suits that arise from such use.

Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

The information set out in the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information (for health professionals) contained in the Drug Formulary (the "Formulary") is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. The information is not intended to cover all possible uses, directions, precautions, drug interactions or adverse effects of a particular drug, nor should it be construed to indicate that use of a particular drug is safe, appropriate or effective for a given condition. The information in the Formulary is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice and should not be relied upon in any such regard. All uses of the Formulary are subject to clinical judgment and actual prescribing patterns may not follow the information provided in the Formulary.

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