Regimen Monograph

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A - Regimen Name

CISPPEME Regimen

CISplatin-Pemetrexed

Disease Site Lung - Non-Small Cell

Intent Adjuvant

Regimen Category

Evidence-Informed:

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under

Rationale and Use.

Rationale and Uses

For the treatment of completely resected stage II or IIIA non-small cell lung

cancer with non-squamous histology.

B - Drug Regimen

pemetrexed 500 mg /m² IV Day 1

CISplatin 75 mg/m² IV over 2 hours; 30 Day 1

minutes after the end

of Pemetrexed

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C - Cycle Frequency

REPEAT EVERY 21 DAYS

For 4 cycles unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity occurs

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D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: High

Other Supportive Care:

Pemetrexed:

- Vitamin B12 1000mcg IM every 9 weeks, Folic acid 0.4 1 mg PO daily (both starting ≥ 1 week prior to pemetrexed administration continue throughout and 3 weeks after last dose of Pemetrexed).
- Dexamethasone 4mg PO BID for 3 days starting day before chemotherapy suggested for rash prophylaxis.
- Note: NSAIDs should be held for 2-5 days prior and 2 days after pemetrexed (refer to pemetrexed monograph)

Cisplatin:

• Standard regimens for Cisplatin premedication and hydration should be followed. Refer to cisplatin monograph and local guidelines.

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Recommendations.

E - Dose Modifications

Doses should be modified according to the protocol by which the patient is being treated.

Dosage with toxicity

Worst toxicity in previous cycle	Pemetrexed (% previous dose)*	Cisplatin (% previous dose, if applicable)*
Thrombocytopenic bleeding	50%	50%
Grade 4 ANC or ≥ Grade 3 platelets	75%	75%
Grade 2 neurotoxicity	100%	50%
Grade 3 or 4 mucositis	50%	100%
Diarrhea requiring hospitalization, or grade 3 or 4	75%	75%
Grade 3 or 4 neurotoxicity	Discontinue	
Symptoms suggesting pneumonitis	Hold and investigate; discontinue if confirmed	
Other Grade 3 related organ / non-hematologic toxicity	75%	75%
Other Grade 4 related organ / non-hematologic toxicity	Discontinue	
Grade 3 or 4 toxicity after 2 prior dose reductions, any occurrence of Stevens-Johnson syndrome, Toxic epidermal necrolysis	Discontinue	
*Start next evals only when ANC > 1.5 × 10^9 /L, platelete > 100×10^9 /L, and related ergan/nen		

^{*}Start next cycle only when ANC \geq 1.5 x 10⁹/L, platelets \geq 100 x 10⁹/L and related organ/non-hematologic toxicity \leq grade 2 (or recovery to baseline).

Hepatic Impairment

Pemetrexed is not extensively metabolized in the liver. No specific studies have been performed in patients with moderate or severe hepatic impairment. Pemetrexed should be used with caution in patients with hepatic impairment. Refer to the dose modification table above. **CISplatin:** No adjustment required.

Renal Impairment

Creatinine clearance (mL/min)	Cisplatin (% previous dose)	Pemetrexed (% previous dose)	
61-79	100%	100%; but use NSAIDs with extreme caution	
45-60	75%		
30-<45	50%	Discontinue	
<30	Discontinue	Discontinue	

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F - Adverse Effects

Refer to pemetrexed, CISplatin drug monograph(s) for additional details of adverse effects

Most Common Side Effects	Less Common Side Effects, but may be Severe or Life-Threatening
 Nausea, vomiting Myelosuppression ± bleeding, infection (may be severe) Fatigue Diarrhea (may be severe) Mucositis Anorexia Neurotoxicity (including ototoxicity, may be severe) Nephrotoxicity (may be severe) Rash (may be severe) 	 Pneumonitis Arterial thromboembolism Venous thromboembolism Arrhythmia Hemolysis Hypersensitivity GI perforation ↑ LFTs

G - Interactions

Refer to pemetrexed, CISplatin drug monograph(s) for additional details

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H - Drug Administration and Special Precautions

Refer to pemetrexed, CISplatin drug monograph(s) for additional details

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I - Recommended Clinical Monitoring

Treating physicians may decide to monitor more or less frequently for individual patients but should always consider recommendations from the product monograph.

Recommended Clinical Monitoring

- Clinical toxicity assessment (including neurologic, ototoxicity, fatigue, diarrhea, mucositis, thromboembolism, bleeding, infection, pneumonitis, rash); at each visit
- CBC before each cycle, including nadir counts
- Baseline and regular renal function tests (including electrolytes and magnesium) and urinalysis
- Baseline and regular liver functions tests
- Grade toxicity using the current <u>NCI-CTCAE</u> (Common Terminology Criteria for <u>Adverse Events</u>) <u>version</u>

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J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit 4-6 hours

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) 41.935 minutes

Nursing Workload (average time per visit) 46.667 minutes

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K - References

Gauvain C, Crequit P, Rousseau-Bussac G, et al. Adjuvant chemotherapy of non-small cell lung cancer: Tolerance of combined cisplatin-pemetrexed therapy. Rev Mal Respir 2014;31(9):817-21.

Kreuter M, Vansteenkiste J, Fischer JR, et al. Three-Year Follow-Up of a Randomized Phase II Trial on Refinement of Early-Stage NSCLC Adjuvant Chemotherapy with Cisplatin and Pemetrexed versus Cisplatin and Vinorelbine (the TREAT Study). J Thorac Oncol 2016;11(1):85-93.

PEBC Advice Documents or Guidelines

 Adjuvant Systemic and Radiation Therapy for Stage I to IIIA Completely Resected Non–Small-Cell Lung Cancers: ASCO-CCO Clinical Practice Guideline Update

June 2021 removed pemetrexed NDFP funding info

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M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

A Regimen Abstract is an abbreviated version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). It is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. It is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice, and all uses of the Regimen Abstract are subject to clinical judgment. Such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability, and Cancer Care Ontario disclaims all liability for the use of this information, and for any claims, actions, demands or suits that arise from such use.

Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

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Some Formulary documents, such as the medication information sheets, regimen information sheets and symptom management information (for patients), are intended for patients. Patients should always consult with their healthcare provider if they have questions regarding any information set out in the Formulary documents.

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