#### Regimen Monograph

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## A - Regimen Name

# **CAP Regimen**

Cyclophosphamide-ADRIAMYCIN ® (DOXOrubicin)-PLATINOL ® (CISplatin)

Disease Site Lung - Thymoma

**Intent** Palliative

Regimen Category

#### **Evidence-Informed:**

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified

under Rationale and Use.

Rationale and Uses

Treatment for advanced thymoma

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B - Drug Regimen			
<u>cyclophosphamide</u>	500 mg /m²	IV	Day 1
<b>DOXOrubicin</b>	50 mg /m²	IV	Day 1
<u>CISplatin</u>	50 mg /m²	IV	Day 1

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# **C** - Cycle Frequency

## **REPEAT EVERY 21 DAYS**

For up to 8 cycles, unless disease progression, unacceptable toxicity, or limited by cardiotoxicity risk

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## **D** - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: High

# Other Supportive Care:

Standard regimens for Cisplatin premedication and hydration should be followed.

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Summary

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#### **E - Dose Modifications**

Doses should be modified according to the protocol by which the patient is being treated.

## **Dosage with toxicity**

<u>Hematologic Toxicities:</u> See appendix 6 for general recommendations.

# **Hepatic Impairment**

Bilirubin	Dose
If Bilirubin 1-2 x ULN	REDUCE Doxorubicin to 50%
	dose
If Bilirubin 2-4 x ULN	REDUCE Doxorubicin to 25%
	dose
If Bilirubin > 4 x ULN	OMIT doses of Doxorubicin

# **Renal Impairment**

Creatinine Clearance / Serum Creatinine	Dose
If CrCl = 0.5 - 1 mL/sec or Serum Creatinine = 136-185µmol/L	REDUCE Cisplatin* to 50% dose
If CrCl < 0.5mL/sec or Serum Creatinine>185µmol/L	OMIT Cisplatin dose
If CrCl < 0.3mL/sec	<b>REDUCE</b> Cyclophosphamide to <b>50%</b> dose (suggested)

<sup>\*</sup>Upon the discretion of the prescriber, less dose reduction may be suggested. See CISPLATIN drug monograph.

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#### F - Adverse Effects

Refer to <u>cyclophosphamide</u>, <u>DOXOrubicin</u>, <u>CISplatin</u> drug monograph(s) for additional details of adverse effects

- Nausea and vomiting
- Nephrotoxicity
- Neurotoxicity (ototoxicity)
- Myelosuppression
- Cardiotoxicity
- Cystitis
- Fatigue
- Vesicant

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## **G** - Interactions

Refer to cyclophosphamide, DOXOrubicin, CISplatin drug monograph(s) for additional details

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# H - Drug Administration and Special Precautions

Refer to cyclophosphamide, DOXOrubicin, CISplatin drug monograph(s) for additional details

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## I - Recommended Clinical Monitoring

Treating physicians may decide to monitor more or less frequently for individual patients but should always consider recommendations from the product monograph.

#### Recommended Clinical Monitoring

- Clinical toxicity assessment (including stomatitis, neurotoxicity, cardiotoxicity, ototoxicity, local toxicity).
- CBC before each cycle. Interim counts should be done in first cycle and repeated if dose modifications necessary.
- Baseline and regular liver and renal function tests (including electrolytes and magnesium) and urinalysis.
- Cardiac examination especially with risk factors (including prior therapy with Epirubicin, Mitoxantrone, or other cardiotoxic drug), or a cumulative Doxorubicin dose of > 450 mg/m<sup>2</sup>
- Grade toxicity using the current <u>NCI-CTCAE</u> (Common Terminology Criteria for <u>Adverse Events</u>) version

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#### J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit 2-3 hours

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) 41.813 minutes

Nursing Workload (average time per visit) 51.667 minutes

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## K - References

Loehrer PJ Sr, Kim KM, Aisner SC, et al. Cisplatin Plus Doxorubicin Plus Cyclophosphamide in Metastatic or Recurrent Thymoma: Final Results of an Intergroup Trial. J Clin Oncol 1994;12:1164-8.

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#### M - Disclaimer

#### Regimen Abstracts

A Regimen Abstract is an abbreviated version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). It is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. It is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice, and all uses of the Regimen Abstract are subject to clinical judgment. Such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability, and Cancer Care Ontario disclaims all liability for the use of this information, and for any claims, actions, demands or suits that arise from such use.

Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

#### Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

The information set out in the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information (for health professionals) contained in the Drug Formulary (the "Formulary") is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. The information is not intended to cover all possible uses, directions, precautions, drug interactions or adverse effects of a particular drug, nor should it be construed to indicate that use of a particular drug is safe, appropriate or effective for a given condition. The information in the Formulary is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice and should not be relied upon in any such regard. All uses of the Formulary are subject to clinical judgment and actual prescribing patterns may not follow the information provided in the Formulary.

The format and content of the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information contained in the Formulary will change as they are reviewed and revised on a periodic basis. The date of last revision will be visible on each page of the monograph and regimen. Since standards of usage are constantly evolving, it is advised that the Formulary not be used as the sole source of information. It is strongly recommended that original references or product monograph be consulted prior to using a chemotherapy regimen for the first time.

Some Formulary documents, such as the medication information sheets, regimen information sheets and symptom management information (for patients), are intended for patients. Patients should always consult with their healthcare provider if they have questions regarding any information set out in the Formulary documents.

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