Regimen Monograph

Regimen Name | Drug Regimen | Cycle Frequency | Premedication and Supportive Measures | Administrative Information | References Other Notes Disclaimer

A - Regimen Name

CAPECRBP Regimen

Capecitabine-carboplatin

Disease Site Gastrointestinal

Esophagus

Gastric / Stomach

Intent **Palliative**

Regimen Category

Evidence-informed:

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under

Rationale and Use.

This **Regimen Abstract** is an **abbreviated** version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Supplementary

capecitabine

Public Funding ODB - General Benefit (capecitabine)

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B - Drug Regimen

CARBOplatin AUC 4 to 5 IV Day 1

capecitabine 1000 mg /m² PO BID*, Days 1 to 14

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C - Cycle Frequency

REPEAT EVERY 21 to 28 DAYS

For a usual total of 6 cycles unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity occurs

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D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: Moderate + NK1 antagonist (Carboplatin AUC ≥ 5) (D1)

Moderate (Carboplatin AUC < 5) (D1) No routine prophylaxis for capecitabine

Other Supportive Care:

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Recommendations.

- Topical emollients (e.g. hand creams, udder balm) or oral pyridoxine therapy may ameliorate the manifestations of hand-foot syndrome in patients receiving capecitabine.
- Supportive care should be provided, including loperamide for diarrhea.

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J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit

O.5 to 1 hour

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit)

Aursing Workload (average time per visit)

44.167 minutes

^{*}Total dose 2000 mg/m²/day (Outpatient prescription in 150mg and 500mg tablets)

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K - References

Bang YJ, Van Cutsem E, Feyereislova A, et al. Trastuzumab in combination with chemotherapy versus chemotherapy alone for treatment of HER2-positive advanced gastric or gastro-oesophageal junction cancer (ToGA): a phase 3, open-label, randomised controlled trial. Lancet 2010; 376(9742): 687-97.

Kang YK, Kang WK, Shin D, et al. Capecitabine/cisplatin versus 5-fluorouracil/cisplatin as first-line therapy in patients with advanced gastric cancer: a randomised phase III noninferiority trial. Ann Oncol 2009;20(4):666-73.

PEBC Advice Documents or Guidelines

Systemic Therapy for Advanced Gastric and Gastro-Esophageal Carcinoma

April 2023 Updated DPD deficiency information in the Other Notes section

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L - Other Notes

Patients should be tested for DPD deficiency before starting treatment with capecitabine. Refer to the DPD Deficiency Guidance for Clinicians for more information.

In patients with unrecognized DPD deficiency, acute, life-threatening toxicity may occur; if acute grade 2-4 toxicity develops, treatment should be stopped immediately and permanent discontinuation considered based on clinical assessment of the toxicities.

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M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

A Regimen Abstract is an abbreviated version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). It is intended for healthcare providers and is to

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Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

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