Regimen Monograph

Regimen Name | Drug Regimen | Cycle Frequency | Premedication and Supportive Measures | Administrative Information |
References | Other Notes | Disclaimer

A - Regimen Name

CAPECRBP+TRAS Regimen

Capecitabine-CARBOplatin-Trastuzumab

Disease Site Gastrointestinal

Esophagus

Gastric / Stomach

Intent Palliative

Regimen Category

Evidence-informed:

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under Rationale and Use.

This **Regimen Abstract** is an **abbreviated** version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

Supplementary <u>cap</u>

capecitabine

Public Funding ODB - General Benefit (capecitabine)

B - Drug Regimen

Note: Different trastuzumab products are **NOT INTERCHANGEABLE**.

Trastuzumab Loading Dose:

trastuzumab¹ 8 mg /kg IV Day 1 (first cycle only)

(Prior authorization is required for PDRP funding of this drug within this regimen)

THEN, Trastuzumab Maintenance Dose:

trastuzumab¹ 6 mg /kg IV Day 1 (Cycle 2 and onwards)

(Prior authorization is required for PDRP funding of this drug within this regimen)

AND

CARBOplatin AUC 4 to 5 IV Day 1

<u>capecitabine</u> 1000 mg /m² PO BID* Days 1 to 14

(*Total dose 2000 mg/m²/day)

(Outpatient prescription in 150mg and 500mg tablets)

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C - Cycle Frequency

REPEAT EVERY 21 DAYS

Carboplatin-Capecitabine: Up to 6 cycles unless evidence of disease progression or unacceptable toxicity occurs

Trastuzumab: Until evidence of disease progression or unacceptable toxicity

¹ The dose of trastuzumab should be delayed if the chemotherapy cycle is delayed for scheduling.

D - Premedication and Supportive Measures

Antiemetic Regimen: Moderate + NK1 antagonist (Carboplatin AUC ≥ 5)

No routine prophylaxis for capecitabine

Other Supportive Care:

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Summary

• Trastuzumab: Nausea and vomiting are usually symptoms that are related to infusion-associated reactions. To prevent recurrence of infusion-associated reactions, acetaminophen and diphenhydramine may be given as pre-medication. Refer to <u>Irastuzumab</u> drug monograph for full details.

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J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit)

Nursing Workload (average time per visit)

59.17 minutes

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K - References

Bang YJ, Van Cutsem E, Deyereislova A et al. Trastuzumab in combination with chemotherapy versus chemotherapy alone for treatment of HER2-positive advanced gastric or gastro-oesophageal junction cancer (ToGA): a phase 3, open-label, randomised controlled trial. Lancet 2010;376:687-97.

PEBC Advice Documents or Guidelines

Systemic Therapy for Advanced Gastric and Gastro-Esophageal Carcinoma

April 2023 Updated DPD deficiency information in the Other Notes section

L - Other Notes

DPD Deficiency:

Patients should be tested for DPD deficiency before starting treatment with capecitabine. Refer to the <u>DPD Deficiency Guidance for Clinicians</u> for more information.

In patients with unrecognized DPD deficiency, acute, life-threatening toxicity may occur; if acute grade 2-4 toxicity develops, treatment should be stopped immediately and permanent discontinuation considered based on clinical assessment of the toxicities.

Calvert Formula:

DOSE (mg) = target AUC X (GFR + 25)

- AUC = product of serum concentration (mg/mL) and time (min)
- GFR (glomerular filtration rate) expressed as measured Creatinine Clearance or estimated from Serum Creatinine (by Cockcroft and Gault method or Jelliffe method)

(Calvert AH, Newell DR, Gumbrell LA, et al, Carboplatin dosage: Prospective evaluation of a simple formula based on renal function. J Clin Oncol, 1989; 7: 1748-1756)

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M - Disclaimer

Regimen Abstracts

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Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

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