#### Regimen Monograph

Regimen Name | Drug Regimen | Cycle Frequency | Premedication and Supportive Measures | Administrative Information |
References | Other Notes | Disclaimer

# A - Regimen Name

# **CAPECRBP+NIVL** Regimen

**CARBOplatin-Capecitabine-Nivolumab** 

Disease Site Gastrointestinal

Esophagus

Gastric / Stomach

**Intent** Palliative

# Regimen Category

#### **Evidence-informed:**

Regimen is considered appropriate as part of the standard care of patients; meaningfully improves outcomes (survival, quality of life), tolerability or costs compared to alternatives (recommended by the Disease Site Team and national consensus body e.g. pan-Canadian Oncology Drug Review, pCODR). Recommendation is based on an appropriately conducted phase III clinical trial relevant to the Canadian context OR (where phase III trials are not feasible) an appropriately sized phase II trial. Regimens where one or more drugs are not approved by Health Canada for any indication will be identified under Rationale and Use.

Nationale and USE.

This **Regimen Abstract** is an **abbreviated** version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

# Rationale and Uses

First-line treatment of HER2-negative unresectable advanced or metastatic gastric, esophagogastric junction, or esophageal adenocarcinoma

Supplementary

<u>nivolumab</u>

**Public Funding** New Drug Funding Program (Nivolumab - First-line Treatment of Advanced

Gastric, Esophageal, and Esophagogastric Junction Adenocarcinoma) (NDFP

Website)

# back to top

B - Drug Regimen			
nivolumab <sup>1, 2</sup>	4.5 mg /kg	IV (max 360 mg)	Day 1; q21 days
CARBOplatin	AUC 4 to 5	IV	Day 1
capecitabine*	1000 mg /m²	PO	BID Days 1 to 14

(\*Total dose 2000 mg/m<sup>2</sup>/day)

## back to top

# C - Cycle Frequency

**CAPECRBP^:** Repeat every 21 days, until disease progression or unacceptable toxicity occurs; usually up to 6 cycles due to cumulative carboplatin toxicity

**NIVOLUMAB^:** Repeat every 21 days (4.5 mg/kg)<sup>†</sup> for up to 2 years (including doses given with CAPECRBP), unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity, whichever occurs first

^If chemotherapy is discontinued after at least 1 cycle due to intolerance, nivolumab may be continued as single agent (Refer to NIVL(MNT)) for up to 2 years, unless disease progression or unacceptable toxicity.

### back to top

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Give nivolumab before chemotherapy when given on the same day.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Dosing based on NDFP funding criteria. Refer to NDFP form for alternative nivolumab dosing schedule (3 mg/kg IV q14 days; maximum dose 240 mg).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Alternative nivolumab dosing schedule is 3 mg/kg IV q14 days.

# **D** - Premedication and Supportive Measures

**Antiemetic Regimen:** Moderate + NK1 antagonist (Carboplatin AUC ≥ 5)

Moderate (Carboplatin AUC < 5)

# **Other Supportive Care:**

Also refer to CCO Antiemetic Recommendations.

#### back to top

#### J - Administrative Information

Approximate Patient Visit 1-2 hours

Pharmacy Workload (average time per visit) 30.32 minutes

Nursing Workload (average time per visit) 54.167 minutes

## back to top

#### K - References

Bang YJ, Van Cutsem E, Feyereislova A, et al. Trastuzumab in combination with chemotherapy versus chemotherapy alone for treatment of HER2-positive advanced gastric or gastro-oesophageal junction cancer (ToGA): a phase 3, open-label, randomised controlled trial. Lancet 2010; 376(9742): 687-97.

CADTH Reimbursement Recommendation: Nivolumab (For the treatment of adult patients with human epidermal growth factor receptor 2–negative advanced or metastatic gastric, gastroesophageal junction, or esophageal adenocarcinoma). March 2022.

Janjigian YY, Shitara K, Moehler M, et al. First-line nivolumab plus chemotherapy versus chemotherapy alone for advanced gastric, gastro-oesophageal junction, and oesophageal adenocarcinoma (CheckMate 649): a randomised, open-label, phase 3 trial. Lancet 2021 Jul 3;398(10294):27-40.

Kang YK, Kang WK, Shin D, et al. Capecitabine/cisplatin versus 5-fluorouracil/cisplatin as first-line therapy in patients with advanced gastric cancer: a randomised phase III noninferiority trial. Ann Oncol 2009;20(4):666-73.

#### **PEBC Advice Documents or Guidelines**

Systemic Therapy for Advanced Gastric and Gastro-Esophageal Carcinoma

April 2023 Updated DPD deficiency information in the Other Notes section

#### back to top

#### L - Other Notes

Patients should be tested for DPD deficiency before starting treatment with capecitabine. Refer to the <u>DPD Deficiency Guidance for Clinicians</u> for more information.

In patients with unrecognized DPD deficiency, acute, life-threatening toxicity may occur; if acute grade 2-4 toxicity develops, treatment should be stopped immediately and permanent discontinuation considered based on clinical assessment of the toxicities.

#### back to top

#### M - Disclaimer

### Regimen Abstracts

A Regimen Abstract is an abbreviated version of a Regimen Monograph and contains only top level information on usage, dosing, schedule, cycle length and special notes (if available). It is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. It is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice, and all uses of the Regimen Abstract are subject to clinical judgment. Such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability, and Cancer Care Ontario disclaims all liability for the use of this information, and for any claims, actions, demands or suits that arise from such use.

Information in regimen abstracts is accurate to the extent of the ST-QBP regimen master listings, and has not undergone the full review process of a regimen monograph. Full regimen monographs will be published for each ST-QBP regimen as they are developed.

#### Regimen Monographs

Refer to the <u>New Drug Funding Program</u> or <u>Ontario Public Drug Programs</u> websites for the most up-to-date public funding information.

The information set out in the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information (for health professionals) contained in the Drug Formulary (the "Formulary") is intended for healthcare providers and is to be used for informational purposes only. The information is not intended to cover all possible uses, directions, precautions, drug interactions or adverse effects of a particular drug, nor should it be construed to indicate

that use of a particular drug is safe, appropriate or effective for a given condition. The information in the Formulary is not intended to constitute or be a substitute for medical advice and should not be relied upon in any such regard. All uses of the Formulary are subject to clinical judgment and actual prescribing patterns may not follow the information provided in the Formulary.

The format and content of the drug monographs, regimen monographs, appendices and symptom management information contained in the Formulary will change as they are reviewed and revised on a periodic basis. The date of last revision will be visible on each page of the monograph and regimen. Since standards of usage are constantly evolving, it is advised that the Formulary not be used as the sole source of information. It is strongly recommended that original references or product monograph be consulted prior to using a chemotherapy regimen for the first time.

Some Formulary documents, such as the medication information sheets, regimen information sheets and symptom management information (for patients), are intended for patients. Patients should always consult with their healthcare provider if they have questions regarding any information set out in the Formulary documents.

While care has been taken in the preparation of the information contained in the Formulary, such information is provided on an "as-is" basis, without any representation, warranty, or condition, whether express, or implied, statutory or otherwise, as to the information's quality, accuracy, currency, completeness, or reliability.

CCO and the Formulary's content providers shall have no liability, whether direct, indirect, consequential, contingent, special, or incidental, related to or arising from the information in the Formulary or its use thereof, whether based on breach of contract or tort (including negligence), and even if advised of the possibility thereof. Anyone using the information in the Formulary does so at his or her own risk, and by using such information, agrees to indemnify CCO and its content providers from any and all liability, loss, damages, costs and expenses (including legal fees and expenses) arising from such person's use of the information in the Formulary.

back to top